Approved For Release 2007/09/10 : CIA-RDP91-00901R000600410014-5

ARTICLE APPEARED

ON PAGE 4-C

WASHINGTON TIMES 5 August 1985

## **Monday's People**

STAT

## Spoken word, and then some



William Colby

Words, words, words. Speaking is the agenda and the main order of business at the 154th annual convention of the International Platform Association today through Friday at the Mayflower Hotel. Former CIA director William Colby, former ambassador to France Evan Galbraith and magician-illusionist Harry Blackstone Jr. are among first-day speakers.

By the time the IPA convention winds up, among those joining them at the microphone will be Joan

Mondale, wife of the former vice president, Walter Mondale; Sen. Robert Dole, R-Kan.; Rep. Claude Pepper, D-Fla.; J. Peter Grace, former CIA director Stansfield Turner, Malcolm S. Forbes Jr., Jeane Dixon, David Hartman, Dick Cavett, Douglas Fairbanks Jr. and singer-songwriter Teddy Pendergrass.

ARTICLE APPEARED
ON PAGE 15. Sect

## High tech makes spying safer, ex-CIA chief says

## By Linnet Myers

The spying business has been "revolutionized" by modern technology and a public that insists on knowing what its government is doing, Stansfield Turner, former director of the CIA, said here Sun-

day.

"Today you would never send in a spy at the risk of his life" if highly technical spying methods could be used instead, Turner told a symposium on "U.S. Politics and Foreign Policy" sponsored by the American Association of Healthcare Consultants and held at the Union League Club.

A spy's life was never as dangerous as James Bond's, he said. "No, I was never sequestered in a blinding snowstorm with a beau-

tiful blond spy."

But spying has become even safer in the last decade through the increasing use of sophisticated bugging devices, high-flying spy planes and spy satellites, he said.

Perhaps an even more significant change in CIA operations came from recent requirements to disclose more to the public—a change that Turner sees as both

good and bad.

Though it may sometimes risk a spy's security, it may have stopped the CIA from spying on Americans who are "perfectly innocent," he said. "It's easy, in the name of protecting your country, to get carried away."

He also said the "wild schemes" of the 1950s and 1960s often did the country no good anyway. For ex-



Stansfield Turner

ample, he said, the CIA kept a Russian defector, suspected of being a double agent, in an 8-by-8-foot room for more than three years.

He was interrogated repeatedly, sometimes with the use of drugs, but never admitted anything. "We virtually tortured this man for 3½ years," said Turner, author of the just-released book, "Secrecy and Democracy—The CIA in Transition." "You couldn't do that today."

Turner, head of the CIA from 1977 until 1980, also said the U.S. use of covert activities has been restricted by the public outcry of the 1960s and 1970s.